

Logarithms

Question Paper, Set 08

Time: 1 hour 30 minutes

Maximum marks: 50

Name: _____ Class: _____ Date: _____

1. Answer all 20 questions. The marks for each question are shown in brackets.
2. Show your working for the 2, 3 and 5 mark questions.
3. The key sheet and worked solutions are at the end of this paper.

1. Find the logarithm of 169 to the base 13. [1 mark]
2. Write the conditions on a and N for $\log_a N$ to be defined. [1 mark]
3. Write $\log_{0.5} 0.125 = 3$ in exponential form. [1 mark]
4. Find $\log_{11} 11 + \log_{14} 14 + \log_{17} 1$. [1 mark]
5. Find the value of $\log_7 98 - \log_7 2$. [2 marks]
6. Find the value of $\log_{\frac{1}{5}} 125$. [2 marks]
7. Find the value of $3 \log_5 17 \times \log_{17} 5$. [1 mark]
8. Find the value of $\log_{13} 27 \cdot \log_9 13$. [2 marks]
9. Write $\frac{\log_{10} 625}{\log_{10} 25}$ as a single logarithm and find its value. [1 mark]
10. Find the value of $8^{\log_8 0.5} + 3^{\log_3 2.5}$. [2 marks]
11. Write $10^{\log_4 9}$ as a power of 9. [2 marks]
12. If $\log_9(x + 4) = \log_9(2x)$, find x . [2 marks]
13. If $\log_5 \log_3 \log_2(x - 3) = 0$, find x . [3 marks]
14. Solve $\log_4(x - 3) + \log_4 x = 1$. [5 marks]
15. Find the value of $\log_3 \log_2 \log_7 49^4$. [3 marks]
16. Find the value of $\frac{1}{\log_{25} 5} + \frac{1}{\log_{125} 5} + \frac{1}{\log_{625} 5} + \frac{1}{\log_5 5}$. [5 marks]
17. Find the value of $10^{-2+\log_{10} 3} \times 7^{\log_{49} 25}$. [3 marks]
18. If $x^3 = y^3 + 125$, show that $\log_5(x - y) + \log_5(x^2 + xy + y^2) = 3$. [5 marks]
19. Solve $\log_6(5x - 4) = \log_{\frac{1}{6}} x$. [5 marks]

- 20.** Complete the table of $y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x$ for $x = \frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 4, 16, 64$ and say whether the graph rises or falls from left to right. [3 marks]
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Key sheet

Q	Answer
1	2
2	$a > 0, a \neq 1$ and $N > 0$
3	$0.125 = 0.5^3$
4	2
5	2
6	-3
7	3
8	$\frac{3}{2}$
9	$\log_{25} 625 = 2$
10	3
11	$9^{\log_4 10}$
12	$x = 4$
13	$x = 11$
14	$x = 4$
15	1
16	10
17	$\frac{3}{20}$
18	Shown: the sum is 3
19	$x = 1$
20	$y = 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3$; the graph falls

Solutions

1. Find the logarithm of 169 to the base 13. [1]

$$13^2 = 169$$

$$a^x = N \Rightarrow x = \log_a N$$

$$\therefore \log_{13} 169 = 2$$

Ans: 2

2. Write the conditions on a and N for $\log_a N$ to be defined. [1]

$$a^x = N \Leftrightarrow x = \log_a N$$

The base cannot be 0, 1 or a negative number: $a > 0, a \neq 1$.

a^x is always positive, so $N > 0$.

$$\therefore a > 0, a \neq 1, N > 0$$

Ans: $a > 0, a \neq 1$ and $N > 0$

3. Write $\log_{0.5} 0.125 = 3$ in exponential form. [1]

$$\log_a N = x \Leftrightarrow N = a^x$$

Here $a = 0.5, N = 0.125, x = 3$.

$$\therefore 0.125 = 0.5^3$$

Ans: $0.125 = 0.5^3$

4. Find $\log_{11} 11 + \log_{14} 14 + \log_{17} 1$. [1]

$$\log_{11} 11 = 1, \log_{14} 14 = 1, \log_{17} 1 = 0$$

$$= 1 + 1 + 0 = 2$$

Ans: 2

5. Find the value of $\log_7 98 - \log_7 2$. [2]

$$\log_a m - \log_a n = \log_a \frac{m}{n}$$

$$= \log_7 \frac{98}{2} = \log_7 49$$

$$7^2 = 49 \Rightarrow \log_7 49 = 2$$

Ans: 2

6. Find the value of $\log_{\frac{1}{5}} 125$. [2]

$$\frac{1}{5} = 5^{-1}, 125 = 5^3$$

$$\log_{\frac{1}{5}} 125 = \log_{5^{-1}} 5^3$$

$$= \frac{3}{-1} \log_5 5 = -3$$

Ans: -3

7. Find the value of $3 \log_5 17 \times \log_{17} 5$. [1]

$$\log_b a \cdot \log_a b = 1$$

$$= 3(1) = 3$$

Ans: 3

8. Find the value of $\log_{13} 27 \cdot \log_9 13$. [2]

$$\begin{aligned}\log_b a \cdot \log_c b &= \log_c a \\ &= \log_9 27 \\ &= \frac{3}{2}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: $\frac{3}{2}$

9. Write $\frac{\log_{10} 625}{\log_{10} 25}$ as a single logarithm and find its value. [1]

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{\log a}{\log b} &= \log_b a \\ &= \log_{25} 625 \\ &= 2\end{aligned}$$

Ans: $\log_{25} 625 = 2$

10. Find the value of $8^{\log_8 0.5} + 3^{\log_3 2.5}$. [2]

$$\begin{aligned}a^{\log_a N} &= N \\ &= 0.5 + 2.5 = 3\end{aligned}$$

Ans: 3

11. Write $10^{\log_4 9}$ as a power of 9. [2]

$$\begin{aligned}a^{\log_c b} &= b^{\log_c a} \\ \therefore 10^{\log_4 9} &= 9^{\log_4 10}\end{aligned}$$

Ans: $9^{\log_4 10}$

12. If $\log_9(x + 4) = \log_9(2x)$, find x . [2]

$$\begin{aligned}\log_a m &= \log_a n \Rightarrow m = n \\ \Rightarrow x + 4 &= 2x \\ \Rightarrow x &= 4 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 4\end{aligned}$$

Ans: $x = 4$

13. If $\log_5 \log_3 \log_2(x - 3) = 0$, find x . [3]

$$\begin{aligned}\log_a N &= 0 \Rightarrow N = 1 \\ \Rightarrow \log_3 \log_2(x - 3) &= 1 \\ \Rightarrow \log_2(x - 3) &= 3^1 = 3 \\ \Rightarrow x - 3 &= 2^3 = 8 \\ \Rightarrow x &= 11\end{aligned}$$

Ans: $x = 11$

14. Solve $\log_4(x-3) + \log_4 x = 1$. [5]

$$\log_a m + \log_a n = \log_a mn$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_4(x-3)x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow \log_4(x^2 - 3x) = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 3x = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 3x - 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - 4x + x - 4 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(x-4) + 1(x-4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x+1)(x-4) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -1 \text{ (or) } x = 4$$

If $x = -1$, $\log_4 x$ is not defined.

$$\therefore x \neq -1$$

$$\therefore x = 4$$

Ans: $x = 4$

15. Find the value of $\log_3 \log_2 \log_7 49^4$. [3]

$$\log_7 49^4 = \log_7 (7^2)^4 = \log_7 7^8 = 8$$

$$\log_2 8 = \log_2 2^3 = 3$$

$$\log_3 3 = 1$$

$$\therefore \log_3 \log_2 \log_7 49^4 = 1$$

Ans: 1

16. Find the value of $\frac{1}{\log_{25} 5} + \frac{1}{\log_{125} 5} + \frac{1}{\log_{625} 5} + \frac{1}{\log_5 5}$. [5]

$$\log_b a = \frac{1}{\log_a b}$$

$$= \log_5 25 + \log_5 125 + \log_5 625 + \log_5 5$$

$$= \log_5 (25 \times 125 \times 625 \times 5)$$

$$= \log_5 (5^2 \times 5^3 \times 5^4 \times 5^1) = \log_5 5^{10}$$

$$= 10 \log_5 5 = 10$$

Ans: 10

17. Find the value of $10^{-2+\log_{10} 3} \times 7^{\log_{49} 25}$. [3]

$$10^{-2+\log_{10} 3} = 10^{-2} \times 10^{\log_{10} 3} = \frac{1}{100} \times 3 = \frac{3}{100}$$

$$7^{\log_{49} 25} = 7^{\log_{7^2} 5^2} = 7^{\log_7 5} = 5$$

$$= \frac{3}{100} \times 5 = \frac{3}{20}$$

Ans: $\frac{3}{20}$

18. If $x^3 = y^3 + 125$, show that $\log_5(x - y) + \log_5(x^2 + xy + y^2) = 3$. [5]

$$\text{Given } x^3 = y^3 + 125 \Rightarrow x^3 - y^3 = 125$$

$$LHS = \log_5(x - y) + \log_5(x^2 + xy + y^2)$$

$$= \log_5[(x - y)(x^2 + xy + y^2)]$$

$$(a - b)(a^2 + ab + b^2) = a^3 - b^3$$

$$= \log_5(x^3 - y^3) = \log_5 125$$

$$= \log_5 5^3 = 3 = RHS$$

Ans: Shown: the sum is 3

19. Solve $\log_6(5x - 4) = \log_{\frac{1}{6}} x$. [5]

$$\frac{1}{6} = 6^{-1}$$

$$\log_6(5x - 4) = \log_{6^{-1}} x = \frac{1}{-1} \log_6 x = \log_6 x^{-1}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x - 4 = x^{-1} = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x^2 - 4x = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x^2 - 4x - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow 5x^2 + x - 5x - 1 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x(5x + 1) - 1(5x + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow (x - 1)(5x + 1) = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 1 \text{ (or) } x = -\frac{1}{5}$$

For $x = -\frac{1}{5}$, $\log_{\frac{1}{6}} x$ is not defined.

$$\therefore x = 1$$

Ans: $x = 1$

20. Complete the table of $y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x$ for $x = \frac{1}{16}, \frac{1}{4}, 1, 4, 16, 64$ and say whether the graph rises or falls from left to right. [3]

$$y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} x$$

$$x = \frac{1}{16} : y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{16} = 2$$

$$x = \frac{1}{4} : y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} \frac{1}{4} = 1$$

$$x = 1 : y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 1 = 0$$

$$x = 4 : y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 4 = -1$$

$$x = 16 : y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 16 = -2$$

$$x = 64 : y = \log_{\frac{1}{4}} 64 = -3$$

The base is between 0 and 1, so the graph falls from left to right.

Ans: $y = 2, 1, 0, -1, -2, -3$; the graph falls
